

APRIL 2022

LLB : 5-4/22

2022

(5th Semester)

LAW

Paper No. : 5:4

[Law of Crime Paper-I (Penal Code)]

Full Marks : 100

Pass Marks : 40

Time : 3 hours

*The figures in the margin indicate full marks
for the questions*

Answer Question No. 1 and **any five** questions
from the rest

1. Write notes on (any four) : 5×4=20

- (a) Public servant
- (b) Simple imprisonment and rigorous imprisonment
- (c) Cruelty to married woman
- (d) Sedition
- (e) Valuable security

2. What are the different stages of crime? What is an attempt to commit an offence? What do you mean by attempt to commit murder? Whether without causing injury can a person be held guilty of attempt to commit murder?

4+4+4+4=16

3. What do you understand by unlawful assembly? What are the essential ingredients of unlawful assembly? How is a member of unlawful assembly prosecuted? Distinguish between Section 34 and Section 149 of the IPC.

4+4+4+4=16

4. What is the offence of collecting arms, etc., with intention of waging war against the Government of India? How would you distinguish this offence from that of rioting?

10+6=16

5. Distinguish between :

5+5+6=16

(a) Robbery and Dacoity

(b) Simple hurt and Grievous hurt

(c) Threat and Criminal intimidation

6. What do you mean by offence? What are the different classes of offences given in the IPC? Whether an offence is committed when an act is done in good faith for the benefit of a person without consent?

4+6+6=16

7. What are the various classification of offences relating to marriage? Discuss the law relating to offence of adultery. 10+6=16
8. What is murder? Distinguish it from culpable homicide not amounting to murder. Explain how every murder is a culpable homicide, but every culpable homicide is not a murder. 16
9. Discuss in detail the offence of fabricating false evidence. What are the punishment for fabricating false evidence? A makes a false entry in his shop-book for the purpose of using it a corroborative evidence in a court of justice. What offence does A commit? 6+6+4=16
10. Write down the facts and principles of law laid down in—

Bachan Singh
vs.
State of Punjab
(1980) 2 SCC 648

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