2015

LAW

(Interpretation of Statutes)

Course No. 2:3

Full Marks: 100

Time: 3 hours

The figures in the margin indicate full marks for the questions

Answer question No. 1 and any five from the rest.

1.	Write short notes on any four of the followings:	4x5
a)	Remedial Statute	
b)	Territorial Nexus	
c)	Commencement of a legislation	y 1
d)	Private Statute	
e)	Noscitur a sociis	
f)	Consolidating statute	
2.	A statute may be classified on the basis of its objects. State and explain in brief the various types of statutes based on their objects.	16
3.	"Statute should be read as a whole". Explain the statement in detail with the help of decided cases.	16
4.	"Penal Statutes must be constructed strictly". Comment citing case laws.	16

5. a)	Lord Denning said "that the true view of the court will be slow to overrule a previous decision, but if the decision is in fact shown to be erroneous there is no	
	rule of law which prevents it being overruled". Comment.	8
b)	Explain the principle of harmonious construction.	8
6.	Discuss the importance of internal and external aids to the construction of a Statute.	16
7.	Every ex post facto law must necessarily be retrospective but every retrospective law is not an ex post facto law. Explain.	16
8. a) b)	Write short notes on: Principle of pith and Substance Repeal of legislation	8+8
9.	What is welfare legislation? State the principle of beneficial construction in the light of the welfare legislation. Support your answer with decided cases.	4+6+6
10. a)	State the facts and principles of law laid down in: Shashikant Laxman Khale vs Union of India, AIR 1990 SC 2114	16
b)	Or Shri Girija Phukan vs State of Assam and Ors, (1984)2 GLR488	
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