

2011

:3/16

LAW

(Family Law – I (Hindu Law)

Course No. 1:3

Full Marks : 100

Time : 3 hours

*The figures in the margin indicate full marks
for the questions*

Answer question No. 1 and any five from the rest.

1. Write exhaustive note on any two of the (10x2)
following:
 - a) Stridana and its importance in the present
day society.
 - b) Religious Endowments.
 - c) Alienation of Joint-Family Property.
2. When does a Hindu Marriage become void or
voidable? What are distinctions between void
and voidable marriage? Are the children born
of void and voidable marriage legitimate?
Discuss.
3. Distinguish Divorce from Judicial separation. (8+8)
Narrate the grounds on which the decree of
divorce may be granted.
4. Explain the law relating to adoption of a child (10+6)
by a female Hindu under the Hindu Adoptions
and Maintenance Act, 1956? Can a widow
adopt a child even if she was not allowed to do
so by her husband?

4x5

10+6

8+8

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(Please turn over)

5. What is the effect of section 6 of Hindu Succession Act, 1956 on Hindu Mitakshara joint family? Give a critical note on it keeping in view the recent amendment of the law. (16)
6. (a) What are the different type of Guardians recognized under Hindu Law? Explain each of them. (10+6)
(b) Explain how guardianship comes to an end.
7. What is the law relating to maintenance of wife and dependants of others under the Hindu Adoption and Maintenance Act, 1956? Explain fully. (16)
8. What do you mean by "Woman estate"? What is the present law relating to woman's estate? Explain. (6+10)
9. Explain fully the essentials of a valid religious and charitable endowments. (16)
10. Write the facts and principles of law laid down in Sita Bai-Vs- Ram Chandra AIR 1970 SC 343 (16)
